### AMENDMENT TO

### Rules Committee Print 116–57 Offered by Mrs. Dingell of Michigan

At the end of title XVII, insert the following new subtitle:

### 1 Subtitle F—PFAS Action Act

#### 2 SECTION 1781. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 3 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This subtitle may be cited as the
- 4 "PFAS Action Act of 2020".
- 5 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

### 6 this subtitle is as follows:

#### Subtitle F—PFAS Action Act

Sec. 1781. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 1782. Threshold for reporting additions to toxics release inventory. Sec. 1783. Testing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Sec. 1784. Manufacturing and processing notices for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Sec. 1785. National primary drinking water regulations for PFAS. Sec. 1786. Enforcement. Sec. 1787. Establishment of PFAS infrastructure grant program. Sec. 1788. Listing of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as hazardous air pollutants. Sec. 1789. Prohibition on unsafe waste incineration of PFAS. Sec. 1790. Label for PFAS-free products. Sec. 1791. Guidance on minimizing the use of firefighting foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS. Sec. 1792. Investigation of prevention of contamination by GenX. Sec. 1793. Disclosure of introductions of PFAS. Sec. 1794. Household well water testing website. Sec. 1795. Risk-communication strategy. Sec. 1796. Assistance to Territories for addressing emerging contaminants, with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances. Sec. 1797. Clean Water Act effluent standards, pretreatment standards, and water quality criteria for PFAS.

1	SEC. 1782. THRESHOLD FOR REPORTING ADDITIONS TO
2	TOXICS RELEASE INVENTORY.
3	Section 7321 of the PFAS Act of 2019 (Public Law
4	116-92) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"(3) LIMITATION.—Section 372.38 of title 40,
8	Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regu-
9	lation), shall not apply to a chemical described in
10	paragraph (1) unless the Administrator, in accord-
11	ance with paragraph $(2)(B)$ , revises the threshold
12	for reporting such chemical to 10,000 pounds.";
13	(2) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the
14	following:
15	"(3) LIMITATION.—Section 372.38 of title 40,
16	Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regu-
17	lation), shall not apply to the substances and classes
18	of substances included in the toxics release inventory
19	under paragraph (1) unless the Administrator, in ac-
20	cordance with paragraph $(2)(B)$ , revises the thresh-
21	old for reporting such substances and class of sub-
22	stances to 10,000 pounds."; and
23	(3) in subsection (d), by adding at the end the
24	following:
25	"(4) LIMITATION.—Section 372.38 of title 40,
26	Code of Federal Regulations (or any successor regu-

1	lation), shall not apply to the substances and classes
2	of substances described in paragraph (2) unless the
3	Administrator sets a 10,000 pound reporting thresh-
4	old for such substances and classes of substances.".
5	SEC. 1783. TESTING OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND
6	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
7	(a) TESTING REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4(a) of the
8	Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(a)) is
9	amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"(5) Perfluoroalkyl and
11	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES RULE.—
12	"(A) RULE.—Notwithstanding paragraphs
13	(1) through $(3)$ , the Administrator shall, by
14	rule, require that comprehensive toxicity testing
15	be conducted on all chemical substances that
16	are perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
17	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In issuing a rule
18	under subparagraph (A), the Administrator—
19	"(i) may establish categories of
20	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
21	stances based on hazard characteristics or
22	chemical properties;
23	"(ii) shall require the development of
24	information relating to perfluoroalkyl and

1	istrator determines is likely to be useful in
2	evaluating the hazard and risk posed by
3	such substances in land, air, and water (in-
4	cluding drinking water), as well as in prod-
5	ucts; and
6	"(iii) may allow for varied or tiered
7	testing requirements based on hazard char-
8	acteristics or chemical properties of
9	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
10	stances or categories of perfluoroalkyl and
11	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
12	"(C) DEADLINES.—The Administrator
13	shall issue—
14	"(i) a proposed rule under subpara-
15	graph (A) not later than 6 months after
16	the date of enactment of this paragraph;
17	and
18	"(ii) a final rule under subparagraph
19	(A) not later than 2 years after the date
20	of enactment of this paragraph.".
21	(b) PERSONS SUBJECT TO RULE.—Section 4(b)(3) of
22	the Toxic Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603(b)(3))
23	is amended—

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(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subpara graph (B) or (C)" and inserting "subparagraph (B),
 (C), or (D)"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

5 "(D) A rule under subsection (a)(5) shall require the
6 development of information by any person who manufac7 tures or processes, or intends to manufacture or process,
8 a chemical substance that is a perfluoroalkyl or
9 polyfluoroalkyl substance.".

(c) PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—Section 4 of the Toxic Substances Control Act
(15 U.S.C. 2603) is amended by adding at the end the
following:

14 "(i) Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl15 Substances.—

16 "(1) TESTING REQUIREMENT RULE.—

17 "(A) PROTOCOLS AND METHODOLOGIES.— 18 In determining the protocols and methodologies 19 to be included pursuant to subsection (b)(1) in 20 a rule under subsection (a)(5), the Adminis-21 trator shall allow for protocols and methodolo-22 gies that test chemical substances that are 23 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances as 24 a class.

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1	"(B) PERIOD.—In determining the period
2	to be included pursuant to subsection $(b)(1)$ in
3	a rule under subsection $(a)(5)$ , the Adminis-
4	trator shall ensure that the period is as short
5	as possible while allowing for completion of the
6	required testing.
7	"(2) EXEMPTIONS.—In carrying out subsection
8	(c) with respect to a chemical substance that is a
9	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance, the Ad-
10	ministrator—
11	"(A) may only determine under subsection
12	(c)(2) that information would be duplicative if
13	the chemical substance with respect to which
14	the application for exemption is submitted is in
15	the same category, as established under sub-
16	section $(a)(5)(B)(i)$ , as a chemical substance for
17	which information has been submitted to the
18	Administrator in accordance with a rule, order,
19	or consent agreement under subsection (a) or
20	for which information is being developed pursu-
21	ant to such a rule, order, or consent agreement;
22	and
23	"(B) shall publish a list of all such chem-
24	ical substances for which an exemption under

25 subsection (c) is granted.".

1	SEC. 1784. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING NOTICES
2	FOR PERFLUOROALKYL AND
3	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
4	Section 5 of the Toxic Substances Control Act $(15)$
5	U.S.C. 2604) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the
7	following:
8	((7) This subsection does not apply to any chemical
9	substance that is a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
10	stance."; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(j) Perfluoroalkyl and Polyfluoroalkyl
13	SUBSTANCES.—
14	"(1) Determination.—For a period of 5
15	years beginning on the date of enactment of this
16	subsection, any chemical substance that is a
17	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance for which
18	a notice is submitted under subsection (a) shall be
19	deemed to have been determined by the Adminis-
20	trator to present an unreasonable risk of injury to
21	health or the environment under paragraph $(3)(A)$
22	of such subsection.
23	"(2) Order.—Notwithstanding subsection
24	(a)(3)(A), for a chemical substance described in
25	paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Administrator
26	shall issue an order under subsection $(f)(3)$ to pro-
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hibit the manufacture, processing, and distribution
in commerce of such chemical substance.".
SEC. 1785. NATIONAL PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REGULA-
TIONS FOR PFAS.
Section 1412(b) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
U.S.C. 300g–1(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
following:
"(16) PERFLUOROALKYL AND
POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years
after the date of enactment of this paragraph,
the Administrator shall, after notice and oppor-
tunity for public comment, promulgate a na-
tional primary drinking water regulation for
perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances,
which shall, at a minimum, include standards
for—
"(i) perfluorooctanoic acid (commonly
referred to as 'PFOA'); and
"(ii) perfluorooctane sulfonic acid
(commonly referred to as 'PFOS').
"(B) Alternative procedures.—
"(i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1
year after the validation by the Adminis-

1	trol and testing procedure to ensure com-
2	pliance with the national primary drinking
3	water regulation promulgated under sub-
4	paragraph (A) to measure the levels de-
5	scribed in clause (ii) or other methods to
6	detect and monitor perfluoroalkyl and
7	polyfluoroalkyl substances in drinking
8	water, the Administrator shall add the pro-
9	cedure or method as an alternative to the
10	quality control and testing procedure de-
11	scribed in such national primary drinking
12	water regulation by publishing the proce-
13	dure or method in the Federal Register in
14	accordance with section $1401(1)(D)$ .
15	"(ii) LEVELS DESCRIBED.—The levels
16	referred to in clause (i) are—
17	"(I) the level of a perfluoroalkyl
18	or polyfluoroalkyl substance;
19	"(II) the total levels of
20	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
21	stances; and
22	"(III) the total levels of organic
23	fluorine.
24	"(C) INCLUSIONS.—The Administrator
25	may include a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl

1	substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
2	polyfluoroalkyl substances on—
3	"(i) the list of contaminants for con-
4	sideration of regulation under paragraph
5	(1)(B)(i), in accordance with such para-
6	graph; and
7	"(ii) the list of unregulated contami-
8	nants to be monitored under section
9	1445(a)(2)(B)(i), in accordance with such
10	section.
11	"(D) MONITORING.—When establishing
12	monitoring requirements for public water sys-
13	tems as part of a national primary drinking
14	water regulation under subparagraph (A) or
15	subparagraph (G)(ii), the Administrator shall
16	tailor the monitoring requirements for public
17	water systems that do not detect or are reliably
18	and consistently below the maximum contami-
19	nant level (as defined in section $1418(b)(2)(B)$ )
20	for the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
21	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substances subject to the na-
23	tional primary drinking water regulation.
24	"(E) HEALTH PROTECTION.—The national
25	primary drinking water regulation promulgated

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under subparagraph (A) shall be protective of the health of subpopulations at greater risk, as described in section 1458.

"(F) HEALTH RISK REDUCTION AND COST 4 ANALYSIS.—In meeting the requirements of 5 6 paragraph (3)(C), the Administrator may rely 7 on information available to the Administrator 8 with respect more specific to one or 9 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances to 10 extrapolate reasoned conclusions regarding the 11 health risks and effects of class of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances of 12 13 which the specific perfluoroalkyl or 14 polyfluoroalkyl substances are a part.

15 "(G) REGULATION OF ADDITIONAL SUB16 STANCES.—

17 "(i) DETERMINATION.—The Adminis-18 trator shall make a determination under 19 paragraph (1)(A), using the criteria de-20 scribed in clauses (i) through (iii) of that 21 paragraph, whether to include a 22 perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance 23 or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl 24 substances in the national primary drink-25 ing water regulation under subparagraph

1	(A) not later than 18 months after the
2	later of—
3	"(I) the date on which the
4	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
5	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
6	polyfluoroalkyl substances is listed on
7	the list of contaminants for consider-
8	ation of regulation under paragraph
9	(1)(B)(i); and
10	"(II) the date on which—
11	"(aa) the Administrator has
12	received the results of monitoring
13	under section $1445(a)(2)(B)$ for
14	the perfluoroalkyl or
15	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class
16	of perfluoroalkyl or
17	polyfluoroalkyl substances; or
18	"(bb) the Administrator has
19	received reliable water data or
20	water monitoring surveys for the
21	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
22	substance or class of
23	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
24	substances from a Federal or
25	State agency that the Adminis-

trator determines to be of a qual-
ity sufficient to make a deter-
mination under paragraph
(1)(A).
"(ii) PRIMARY DRINKING WATER REG-
ULATIONS.—
"(I) IN GENERAL.—For each
perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
polyfluoroalkyl substances that the
Administrator determines to regulate
under clause (i), the Administrator—
"(aa) not later than 18
months after the date on which
the Administrator makes the de-
termination, shall propose a na-
tional primary drinking water
regulation for the perfluoroalkyl
or polyfluoroalkyl substance or
class of perfluoroalkyl or
polyfluoroalkyl substances; and
"(bb) may publish the pro-
posed national primary drinking
water regulation described in
item (aa) concurrently with the

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1	publication of the determination
2	to regulate the perfluoroalkyl or
3	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class
4	of perfluoroalkyl or
5	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
6	"(II) DEADLINE.—
7	"(aa) IN GENERAL.—Not
8	later than 1 year after the date
9	on which the Administrator pub-
10	lishes a proposed national pri-
11	mary drinking water regulation
12	under clause (i)(I) and subject to
13	item (bb), the Administrator
14	shall take final action on the pro-
15	posed national primary drinking
16	water regulation.
17	"(bb) EXTENSION.—The
18	Administrator, on publication of
19	notice in the Federal Register,
20	may extend the deadline under
21	item (aa) by not more than 6
22	months.
23	"(H) HEALTH ADVISORY.—
24	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause
25	(ii), the Administrator shall publish a

1	health advisory under paragraph $(1)(F)$ for
2	a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
3	stance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
4	polyfluoroalkyl substances not subject to a
5	national primary drinking water regulation
6	not later than 1 year after the later of—
7	"(I) the date on which the Ad-
8	ministrator finalizes a toxicity value
9	for the perfluoroalkyl or
10	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class of
11	perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-
12	stances; and
13	"(II) the date on which the Ad-
14	ministrator validates an effective qual-
15	ity control and testing procedure for
16	the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl
17	substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or
18	polyfluoroalkyl substances.
19	"(ii) WAIVER.—The Administrator
20	may waive the requirements of clause (i)
21	with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or
22	polyfluoroalkyl substance or class of
23	perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-
24	stances if the Administrator determines
25	that there is a substantial likelihood that

1 the perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-2 of perfluoroalkyl stance or class or 3 polyfluoroalkyl substances will not occur in 4 drinking water with sufficient frequency to 5 justify the publication of a health advisory, 6 and publishes such determination, includ-7 ing the information and analysis used, and 8 basis for, such determination, in the Fed-9 eral Register.".

#### 10 SEC. 1786. ENFORCEMENT.

11 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-12 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may not impose financial penalties for the violation of a na-13 tional primary drinking water regulation (as defined in 14 15 section 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 16 300f)) with respect to a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl 17 substance or class of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-18 stances for which a national primary drinking water regulation has been promulgated under section 1412(b)(16) of 19 the Safe Drinking Water Act earlier than the date that 20 21 is 5 years after the date on which the Administrator pro-22 mulgates the national primary drinking water regulation.

# 1SEC. 1787. ESTABLISHMENT OF PFAS INFRASTRUCTURE2GRANT PROGRAM.

3 Part E of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
4 300j et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol5 lowing new section:

## 6 "SEC. 1459E. ASSISTANCE FOR COMMUNITY WATER SYS7 TEMS AFFECTED BY PFAS.

8 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days 9 after the date of enactment of this section, the Adminis-10 trator shall establish a program to award grants to af-11 fected community water systems to pay for capital costs 12 associated with the implementation of eligible treatment 13 technologies.

14 "(b) Applications.—

15 "(1) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 12 months
after the date of enactment of this section, the Administrator shall publish guidance describing the
form and timing for community water systems to
apply for grants under this section.

20 "(2) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The Adminis21 trator shall require a community water system ap22 plying for a grant under this section to submit—

23 "(A) information showing the presence of
24 PFAS in water of the community water system;
25 and

"(B) a certification that the treatment
 technology in use by the community water sys tem at the time of application is not sufficient
 to remove all detectable amounts of PFAS.

5 "(e) LIST OF ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECH-NOLOGIES.—Not later than 150 days after the date of en-6 7 actment of this section, and every 2 years thereafter, the 8 Administrator shall publish a list of treatment tech-9 nologies that the Administrator, after providing an oppor-10 tunity for public comment, determines are effective at removing all detectable amounts of PFAS from drinking 11 12 water.

13 "(d) PRIORITY FOR FUNDING.—In awarding grants
14 under this section, the Administrator shall prioritize af15 fected community water systems that—

16 "(1) serve a disadvantaged community or a dis-17 proportionately exposed community;

18 "(2) will provide at least a 10-percent cost
19 share for the cost of implementing an eligible treat20 ment technology; or

21 "(3) demonstrate the capacity to maintain the
22 eligible treatment technology to be implemented
23 using the grant.

24 "(e) NO INCREASED BONDING AUTHORITY.—25 Amounts awarded to affected community water systems

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1	under this section may not be used as a source of payment
2	of, or security for (directly or indirectly), in whole or in
3	part, any obligation the interest on which is exempt from
4	the tax imposed under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue
5	Code of 1986.
6	"(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be
8	appropriated to carry out this section not more
9	than—
10	"(A) $$125,000,000$ for each of fiscal years
11	2020 and 2021; and
12	$\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}(B)}\$ \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years
13	2022 through 2024.
14	"(2) Special Rule.—Of the amounts author-
15	ized to be appropriated by paragraph (1),
16	\$25,000,000 are authorized to be appropriated for
17	each of fiscal years 2020 and 2021 for grants under
18	subsection (a) to pay for capital costs associated
19	with the implementation of eligible treatment tech-
20	nologies during the period beginning on October 1,
21	2014, and ending on the date of enactment of this
22	section.
23	"(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
24	"(1) Affected community water system.—

25 The term 'affected community water system' means

a community water system that is affected by the
 presence of PFAS in the water in the community
 water system.

4 "(2) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term
5 'disadvantaged community' has the meaning given
6 that term in section 1452.

7 "(3) DISPROPORTIONATELY EXPOSED COMMU-8 NITY.—The term 'disproportionately exposed com-9 munity' means a community in which climate 10 change, pollution, or environmental destruction have 11 exacerbated systemic racial, regional, social, environ-12 mental, and economic injustices by disproportion-13 ately affecting indigenous peoples, communities of 14 color, migrant communities, deindustrialized commu-15 nities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, low-16 income workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused, 17 people with disabilities, or youth.

18 "(4) ELIGIBLE TREATMENT TECHNOLOGY.—
19 The term 'eligible treatment technology' means a
20 treatment technology included on the list published
21 under subsection (c).

"(5) PFAS.—The term 'PFAS' means a
perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with at
least one fully fluorinated carbon atom, including the
chemical GenX.".

1	SEC.	1788.	LISTING	OF	Pł	ERFLUOROALK	YL	AND
2			POLYFLUO	ROALKY	L	SUBSTANCES	AS	HAZ-
3			ARDOUS AI	R POLLI	U <b>T</b> .	ANTS.		

4 (a) LISTING.—

5 (1) INITIAL LISTING.—Not later than 180 days 6 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Adminis-7 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall 8 issue a final rule adding perfluorooctanoic acid and 9 its salts, and perfluoroactanesulfonic acid and its 10 salts, to the list of hazardous air pollutants under 11 section 112(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 12 7412(b)).

13 (2) ADDITIONAL LISTINGS.—Not later than 5 14 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the 15 Administrator of the Environmental Protection 16 Agency shall determine whether to issue, in accord-17 ance with section 112 of the Clean Air Act (42 18 U.S.C. 7412), any final rules adding perfluoroalkyl 19 and polyfluoroalkyl substances, other than those 20 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed 21 pursuant to paragraph (1), to the list of hazardous 22 air pollutants under section 112(b) of such Act.

(b) SOURCES CATEGORIES.—Not later than 365 days
after any final rule is issued pursuant to subsection (a),
the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall revise the list under section 112(c)(1) of the Clean

Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(c)(1)) to include categories and
 subcategories of major sources and area sources of
 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances listed pursu ant to such final rule.

## 5 SEC. 1789. PROHIBITION ON UNSAFE WASTE INCINERATION 6 OF PFAS.

7 Section 3004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42
8 U.S.C. 6924) is amended by adding at the end the fol9 lowing new subsection:

10 "(z) PFAS WASTES.—

11 "(1) FIREFIGHTING FOAM.—Not later than 6 12 months after the date of enactment of this sub-13 section, the Administrator shall promulgate regula-14 tions requiring that when materials containing 15 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances or 16 aqueous film forming foam are disposed—

17 "(A) all incineration is conducted in a
18 manner that eliminates perfluoroalkyl and
19 polyfluoroalkyl substances while also minimizing
20 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances
21 emitted into the air to the extent feasible;

22 "(B) all incineration is conducted in ac23 cordance with the requirements of the Clean Air
24 Act, including controlling hydrogen fluoride;

"(C) 1 materials containing any 2 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances that are designated for disposal are stored in 3 4 accordance with the requirement under part 264 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations; 5 6 and 7 "(D) all incineration is conducted at a fa-8 cility that has been permitted to receive waste 9 regulated under this subtitle. 10 "(2) PENALTIES.—For purposes of section 11 3008(d), a waste subject to a prohibition under this subsection shall be considered a hazardous waste 12 13 identified or listed under this subtitle.". 14 SEC. 1790. LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS. 15 (a) LABEL FOR PFAS-FREE PRODUCTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the 16

17 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency18 shall—

(1) revise the Safer Choice Standard of the
Safer Choice Program to identify the requirements
for a pot, pan, cooking utensil, carpet, or rug, clothing, or upholstered furniture, or a stain resistant,
water resistant, or grease resistant coating not subject to requirements under section 409 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to meet in order

to be labeled with a Safer Choice label, including a
 requirement that any such pot, pan, cooking utensil,
 carpet, rug, clothing, or upholstered furniture, or
 stain resistant, water resistant, or grease resistant
 coating does not contain any PFAS; or

6 (2) establish a voluntary label that is available 7 to be used by any manufacturer of any pot, pan, 8 cooking utensil, carpet, rug, clothing, or upholstered 9 furniture, or stain resistant, water resistant, or 10 grease resistant coating not subject to requirements 11 under section 409 of the Federal Food, Drug, and 12 Cosmetic Act that the Administrator has reviewed 13 and found does not contain any PFAS.

14 (b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "PFAS"
15 means a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance with
16 at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom.

17 SEC. 1791. GUIDANCE ON MINIMIZING THE USE OF FIRE-

18 FIGHTING FOAM AND OTHER RELATED
19 EQUIPMENT CONTAINING ANY PFAS.

(a) GUIDANCE.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the
head of the U.S. Fire Administration, Federal Aviation
Administration, and other relevant Federal departments
or agencies and representatives of State and local building

and fire code enforcement jurisdictions, shall issue guid-1 2 ance on minimizing the use of, or contact with, firefighting 3 foam and other related equipment containing any PFAS 4 by firefighters, police officers, paramedics, emergency 5 medical technicians, and other first responders, in order to minimize the risk to such firefighters, police officers, 6 7 paramedics, emergency medical technicians, and other 8 first responders, and the environment, without jeopard-9 izing firefighting efforts.

10 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually there-11 12 after, the Administrator, in consultation with the head of 13 the U.S. Fire Administration, shall submit to Congress a report on the effectiveness of the guidance issued under 14 15 subsection (a). Such report shall include recommendations for congressional actions that the Administrator deter-16 17 mines appropriate to assist efforts to reduce exposure to 18 PFAS by firefighters and the other persons described in 19 subsection (a).

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in consultation with the
head of the U.S. Fire Administration and other relevant
Federal departments or agencies, shall report to Congress
on the efforts of the Environmental Protection Agency and

other relevant Federal departments and agencies to iden tify viable alternatives to firefighting foam and other re lated equipment containing any PFAS.

4 (d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "PFAS" 5 means perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctanesulfonic 6 acid, and any other perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub-7 stance with at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom that 8 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agen-9 cy determines is used in firefighting foam and other re-10 lated equipment.

## 11 SEC. 1792. INVESTIGATION OF PREVENTION OF CONTAMI12 NATION BY GENX.

The Administrator of the Environmental Protection
Agency shall investigate methods and means to prevent
contamination by GenX of surface waters, including
source waters used for drinking water purposes.

### 17 SEC. 1793. DISCLOSURE OF INTRODUCTIONS OF PFAS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The introduction of any
perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance by the owner
or operator of an industrial source shall be unlawful unless
such owner or operator first notifies the owner or operator
of the applicable treatment works of—

(1) the identity and quantity of such substance;
(2) whether such substance is susceptible to
treatment by such treatment works; and

(3) whether such substance would interfere with
 the operation of the treatment works.

3 (b) VIOLATIONS.—A violation of this section shall be
4 treated in the same manner as a violation of a regulation
5 promulgated under subsection 307(b) of the Federal
6 Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317(b)).

7 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

8 (1) INTRODUCTION.—The term "introduction"
9 means the introduction of pollutants into treatment
10 works, as described in section 307(b) of the Federal
11 Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).

(2) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term "treatment
works" has the meaning given that term in section
212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33)
U.S.C. 1292).

### 16 SEC. 1794. HOUSEHOLD WELL WATER TESTING WEBSITE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the
Environmental Protection Agency shall establish a website
containing information relating to the testing of household
well water.

(b) CONTENTS.—The Administrator shall include on
the website established under subsection (a) the following:
(1) Information on how to get groundwater that
is the source for a household water well tested by a

well inspector who is certified by a qualified third
 party.

3 (2) A list of laboratories that analyze water
4 samples and are certified by a State or the Adminis5 trator.

6 (3) State-specific information, developed in co7 ordination with each State, on naturally occurring
8 and human-induced contaminants.

9 (4) Information that, using accepted risk com-10 munication techniques, clearly communicates wheth-11 er a test result value exceeds a level determined by 12 the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

(5) Information on treatment options, including
information relating to water treatment systems certified by the National Science Foundation or the
American National Standards Institute, and people
who are qualified to install such systems.

(6) A directory of whom to contact to report a
test result value that exceeds a level determined by
the Administrator or the State to pose a health risk.

(7) Information on financial assistance that is
available for homeowners to support water treatment, including grants under section 306E of the
Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7
U.S.C. 1926e) and State resources.

(8) Any other information the Administrator
 considers appropriate.

3 (c) COORDINATION.—The Administrator shall coordi4 nate with the Secretary of Health and Human Services,
5 the Secretary of Agriculture, and appropriate State agen6 cies in carrying out this section.

7 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
8 authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
9 \$1,000,000 for fiscal year 2021.

### 10 SEC. 1795. RISK-COMMUNICATION STRATEGY.

11 The Administrator of the Environmental Protection 12 Agency shall develop a risk-communication strategy to in-13 form the public about the hazards or potential hazards 14 of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, or cat-15 egories of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances, 16 by—

(1) disseminating information about the risks
or potential risks posed by such substances or categories in land, air, water (including drinking
water), and products;

(2) notifying the public about exposure pathways and mitigation measures through outreach and
educational resources; and

24 (3) consulting with States that have dem-25 onstrated effective risk-communication strategies for

1	best practices in developing a national risk-commu-
2	nication strategy.
3	SEC. 1796. ASSISTANCE TO TERRITORIES FOR ADDRESSING
4	EMERGING CONTAMINANTS, WITH A FOCUS
5	ON PERFLUOROALKYL AND
6	POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.
7	Section $1452(t)$ of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
8	U.S.C. 300j–12) is amended—
9	(1) by redesignating paragraph $(2)$ as para-
10	graph (3); and
11	(2) by inserting after paragraph $(1)$ the fol-
12	lowing new paragraph:
13	"(2) Assistance to territories.—Of the
14	amounts made available under this subsection, the
15	Administrator may use funds to provide grants to
16	the Virgin Islands, the Commonwealth of the North-
17	ern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, and Guam
18	for the purpose of addressing emerging contami-
19	nants, with a focus on perfluoroalkyl and
20	polyfluoroalkyl substances.".
21	SEC. 1797. CLEAN WATER ACT EFFLUENT STANDARDS,
22	PRETREATMENT STANDARDS, AND WATER
23	QUALITY CRITERIA FOR PFAS.
24	(a) Review and Regulation of Substances and
25	Sources.—

31

(1) Review.—

2 (A) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable, 3 but not later than September 30, 2021, and bi-4 ennially thereafter, the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Register a plan under sub-5 6 section (m) of section 304 of the Federal Water 7 Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1314) that 8 contains the results of a review, conducted in 9 accordance with such section, of the introduc-10 tion or discharge of perfluoroalkyl and 11 polyfluoroalkyl substances from classes and cat-12 egories of point sources (other than publicly 13 owned treatment works). 14 (B) INCLUSIONS.—The Administrator shall 15 include in each plan published pursuant to sub-16 paragraph (A)— 17 (i) information on potential introduc-18 tion or discharges of perfluoroalkyl and 19 polyfluoroalkyl substances; 20 (ii) any information gaps on such in-21 troduction or discharges and the process 22 by which the Administrator will address

23 such gaps;

24 (iii) for each measurable25 perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl sub-

1	stance that is not on the list of toxic pol-
2	lutants described in section 307(a) of the
3	Federal Water Pollution Control Act, a de-
4	termination, in accordance with the re-
5	quirements of such section, whether or not
6	to add the substance to such list; and
7	(iv) a determination, in accordance
8	with the requirements of the Federal
9	Water Pollution Control Act, whether or
10	not to establish effluent limitations and
11	protreatment standards for the introduc

with the requirements of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, whether or not to establish effluent limitations and pretreatment standards for the introduction or discharge of each substance described in clause (iii) that the Administrator determines under such clause not to add to such list and for which the Administrator has not developed such limitations or standards.

18 (2) REGULATION.—Based on the results of
19 each review conducted under paragraph (1) and in
20 accordance with the requirements of the Federal
21 Water Pollution Control Act, the Administrator
22 shall—

23 (A) in accordance with the plan published24 under paragraph (1), as soon as practicable—

1	(i) for each measurable perfluoroalkyl
2	and polyfluoroalkyl substance that the Ad-
3	ministrator determines under paragraph
4	(1)(B)(iii) to add to the list of toxic pollut-
5	ants described in section 307(a) of such
6	Act, initiate the process for adding the
7	substance to such list; and
8	(ii) for each measurable perfluoroalkyl
9	and polyfluoroalkyl substance that the Ad-
10	ministrator determines under paragraph
11	(1)(B)(iv) to establish effluent limitations
12	and pretreatment standards, establish such
13	effluent limitations and pretreatment
14	standards (which limitations and standards
15	may be established by substance or by
16	class or category of substances); and
17	(B) not later than 2 years after the date
18	on which each plan is published under para-
19	graph (1), publish human health water quality
20	criteria for measurable perfluoroalkyl and
21	polyfluoroalkyl substances and classes and cat-
22	egories of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl
23	substances for which the Administrator has not
24	published such criteria.

(b) DEADLINES FOR COVERED PERFLUOROALKYL
 2 SUBSTANCES.—

3 (1) WATER QUALITY CRITERIA.—Not later than
4 2 years after the date of enactment of this section,
5 the Administrator shall publish in the Federal Reg6 ister human health water quality criteria for each
7 covered perfluoroalkyl substance.

8 (2)Effluent LIMITATIONS AND 9 PRETREATMENT STANDARDS FOR PRIORITY INDUS-10 TRY CATEGORIES.—As soon as practicable, but not 11 later than 4 years after the date of enactment of 12 this section, the Administrator shall publish in the 13 Federal Register a final rule establishing, for each 14 priority industry category, effluent limitations and 15 pretreatment standards for the introduction or dis-16 charge of each covered perfluoroalkyl substance.

(c) NOTIFICATION.—The Administrator shall notify
the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of
the House of Representatives and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate of each publication made under this section.

22 (d) IMPLEMENTATION ASSISTANCE FOR PUBLICLY23 OWNED TREATMENT WORKS.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall
25 award grants, in amounts not to exceed \$100,000,

to owners and operators of publicly owned treatment
 works, to be used for the implementation of a
 pretreatment standard developed by the Adminis trator for a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl sub stance.

6 (2)AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Ad-7 ministrator 8 to carry out this subsection 9 \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021 through 10 2025, to remain available until expended.

11 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12 (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term "Adminis13 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ14 mental Protection Agency.

15 (2) COVERED PERFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCE.—
16 The term "covered perfluoroalkyl substance" means
17 perfluorooctanoic acid, perfluorooctane sulfonic acid,
18 or a salt associated with perfluorooctanoic acid or
19 perfluorooctane sulfonic acid.

20 (3) EFFLUENT LIMITATION.—The term "efflu21 ent limitation" means an effluent limitation under
22 section 301(b) of the Federal Water Pollution Con23 trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1311).

24 (4) INTRODUCTION.—The term "introduction"25 means the introduction of pollutants into treatment

1	works, as described in section 307(b) of the Federal
2	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).
3	(5) Measurable.—The term "measurable"
4	means, with respect to a chemical substance or class
5	or category of chemical substances, capable of being
6	measured using—
7	(A) test procedures established under sec-
8	tion 304(h) of the Federal Water Pollution
9	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1314);
10	(B) applicable protocols and methodologies
11	required pursuant to section 4(a) of the Toxic
12	Substances Control Act (15 U.S.C. 2603); or
13	(C) any other analytical method developed
14	by the Administrator for detecting pollutants,
15	as such term is defined in section $502$ of the
16	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
17	1362).
18	(6) PRETREATMENT STANDARD.—The term
19	"pretreatment standard" means a pretreatment
20	standard under section 307(b) of the Federal Water
21	Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1317).
22	(7) Priority industry category.—The term
23	"priority industry category" means the following
24	point source categories:

1	(A) Organic chemicals, plastics, and syn-
2	thetic fibers, as identified in part 414 of title
3	40, Code of Federal Regulations.
4	(B) Pulp, paper, and paperboard, as iden-
5	tified in part 430 of title 40, Code of Federal
6	Regulations.
7	(C) Textile mills, as identified in part 410
8	of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.
9	(8) TREATMENT WORKS.—The term "treatment
10	works" has the meaning given that term in section
11	212 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
12	U.S.C. 1292).
13	(9) WATER QUALITY CRITERIA.—The term
14	"water quality criteria" means criteria for water
15	quality under section $304(a)(1)$ of the Federal
16	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1314).

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